

PUBLISHED DAILY IN LAPER'S PLACE, JANEVILLE, WIS.
BY THOMSON & ROBERTSThe terms of the DAILY GAZETTE are as follows: ONE
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ONE MONTH, 50¢
TWO MONTHS, 40¢
THREE MONTHS, 30¢
W. S. ROBERTS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

THE NEWS.

We have good news from Mobile. The Richmond paper state that Ft. Morgan is in the enemy's (that is us) possession, but whether blown up or evacuated is unknown. We are gratified at the fact and afford to await the coming of details.

The fight on the Weldon Railroad was quite a severe one, and our forces were driven back after a hard contest, but not until they had thoroughly destroyed the track.

Our Chicago dispatch is brief but to the point. It will be seen that "littlemac" is in the ascendancy and will be nominated without doubt. The crowd is represented as being immense, and the whiskey trade is enormous. There will be a very lively fight on Vice President.

Gon. Butler has arrived in Washington, en route for Massachusetts.

General Sherman is moving his forces south so as to occupy a position on the Macon road.

In consequence of the inhuman treatment of our prisoners, all luxuries have been withdrawn from the denizens of Ft. Lafayette.

The privateer *Tallahassee* on Thursday, destroyed twenty-two fishing vessels, off Prince Edward's Island.

Four thousand Indian warriors are encamped on the plains of Western Kansas. They have already captured 3000 horses besides other property. They are well armed and splendidly mounted.

Admiral Farragut made a reconnoissance up Mobile Bay, and found formidable obstructions to his progress toward the city.

Kilpatrick in his raid upon the Macon Railroad, effected destruction of the track for a distance of fourteen miles. Returning, he met a force of rebels and defeated them, capturing six cannon and 200 prisoners. Subsequently he met another force of rebels, which defeated him, recapturing most of the guns and prisoners.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM G. W. BOOD.
—We are permitted to make the following extract from a letter to Mrs. Budd, from the Lieutenant who is well known here.

Last Saturday our regiment had a hard fight with Forrest south of the Tallahatchie river 25 miles south of Holly Springs. Brig. General Hatch commanding, 6th and 9th Illinois and 2d Iowa cavalry were engaged four hours, with artillery on both sides. Hatch finally got his back up and ordered the boys to charge across an open field and dislodge the enemy from their position which was a formidable one. Our boys carried the position in fine style, dislodging and completely routing the enemy who were commanded by Forrest in person. Our loss was thirty killed and wounded from the three regiments. Colonel Co met with a narrow escape, a piece of shell passing through his pants. Sergeant Guild of my company was seriously but not fatally wounded in the shoulder.

This is the first time those two celebrated cavalry officers, Hatch and Forrest, have ever been pitted against each other, we feel proud to think the cavalry whipped them almost before the infantry fired a gun. It is rather a strange coincidence that both Hatch and Forrest were suffering from unhealed wounds and both were on the field in buggies not being able to ride in the saddle, though our boys hurried Forrest so that he abandoned his buggy which with the horses and one of his staff officers fell into our hands. After pursuing them four miles right coming on they abandoned the chase and fell back to their former position, where they were at last accounted.

The speeches of Vandenberg and Ferdinand Wood gave but a faint view of the rampart treason which prevailed at the Syracuse Peace meeting of the Democracy. The following are some of the mottoes displayed on the occasion:

"No more victims for the slaughter pens—not a man or a dollar."

"If sword touches the head again the people will stretch his neck."

"Lincoln demands blood! Prost Marsch! Marsch!"

"Let the Tyrant tremble when the people speak."

"Crush the Tyrant Lincoln, before he crushes you."

"Free ballots or free bullets."

"This is a nigger war."

"We will not be conscripted in a war for the emancipation of slaves."

"Horatio Seymour—The Champion of Civil over Military law."

One of the speakers, Joel Rogers, of Jefferson County, indulged his treasonable proclivities in the following language, from which can be inferred the temper and intentions of the gathering:

He denounced Mr. Lincoln as the biggest kind of a tyrant, and appealed to everybody to resist the pending draft. If any man off to recruit at Washington came to their houses, to tear them from the bosom of their families in this war for the nigger, they must defend themselves in the easiest way. They must resist him and show him their homes were inviolate.

"You needn't look for a musket," said the speaker. "TAKE A CLUB, OR AN AX, OR ANYTHING, AND SLAY HIM ON THE SPOT!"

This accords with the copperhead practice in Dodge county, in this State, where they waylay and shoot the enrolling officers, as witness the cases of J. C. Cole and John A. Douglass only a year ago.

TOBACCO CULTURE.—The banks of the Connecticut river, up to and beyond Windsor, Vermont, is not literally covered with tobacco, but is much occupied by that crop which it has supplanted crops of more utility. Every farmer in the region grows more or less tobacco.

Why is a sword like beer?—because its no use till its drawn.

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1864.

NUMBER 154.

Negro Soldiers to be Treated as Prisoners of War by the Rebels.

The following is from the Richmond *Examiner* of the 19th. It shows that the rebels have receded from their position concerning colored troops, and will hereafter treat them as prisoners of war. We may conclude, therefore, that the exchange of prisoners will soon be resumed. We quote the chaste and amiable *Examiner*:

Negro soldiers, outside of the Confederacy, employed to do the work of pillage and slaughter of the Yankee "ape" Lincoln who sits in the usurped seat at Washington, are henceforth not to be considered fit subjects for the bullet, bayonet and knife after surrender, but are to be treated as prisoners of war. Yesterday an order from the Provost Marshal's office, sanctioned by the Secretary of War, was received at Castle Thunder. The purport was that the negro prisoners taken in Yankee uniform, whether free or bond, if they hailed from Maryland or Delaware, were not to be claimed as property in case they were slaves; but they were to be treated as negroes usually are in case they are declared their freedom. A citizen of Maryland or Delaware cannot claim his son or impressed property—solem or impressed by "Abe, the emperor," from the fact that Maryland and Delaware are within the limits of the "kingdom of Old Abe," and not within the limits of the Confederate States. This decision is taken as irrevocable, and as it emanates from the Provost Marshal's office, with the sanction of the War Department, we take it as final. Every negro who comes here as a prisoner of war proclaims himself as a free man. Consequently the order alluded to will save a great deal of litigation. But, be it remembered that the slaves of Maryland and Delaware in the army of Grant are freedmen. That's enough to make them freedmen forever.

Response of the Press to Mr. Sloan's Re-Nomination.

(From the Madison Journal.)

His vote and his voice have been uniformly given in support of the measures and the policy which the great mass of the loyal men of the country approve. He has many excellent and some rare qualities as a representative. He is an ardent and inflexible supporter of the National cause. His integrity of character is unquestioned; and while he possesses a ready capacity for debate, and is a clear, vigorous and persuasive speaker, he seems to be free from that itch for notoriety which in legislative bodies prompts men to be continually upon their feet and to consume the time with glittering generalities. These are qualities that are appreciated by the people, and we have no hesitation in plumping the full Union vote of old Dan for Mr. Sloan, and no doubt of his election by a largely increased majority.

(From the Portage State Register.)

Mr. Sloan is the present incumbent and represents the district to the entire satisfaction of his constituents. He is a member of the committee on Public lands, and as such rendered Columbia county and this section of the State great service in getting this city made a point in the Land Grant bill. Mr. Sloan will receive the hearty support of the entire Union party of the district, and of course will be triumphantly elected.

(From the Milwaukee Sentinel.)

RENONIMATION OF HON. I. C. SLOAN.—The policy of re-nominating tried and useful members of Congress, however we are glad to learn, been followed in the only two districts in this State where conventions have so far been held. We have already noted the re-nomination of Mr. McElroy, in the Sixth District, and we are now pleased to announce the re-nomination of Mr. Sloan, in the Second District.

So far as we know anything of Mr. Sloan's Congressional record, it has been a good one. He has faithfully, earnestly, and ably represented the strong Union and Anti-Slavery sentiments that prevail in his District. Although obliged by circumstances beyond his control to be absent from his post during a portion of the last Congress, we never heard it complained that Mr. Sloan was ever negligent of duty to either the country or his constituents, that he ever voted on the wrong side of important questions, or that he ever dodged a vote on any question. We trust that the Second District will return him by a handsome majority.

STRICKLAND'S REMEDIES.—We have in another column the card of Dr. Strickland setting forth the efficacy of his remedy for the various complaints they are advertised to cure. From parties who have used them we learn that they are very effective in their action, and are meeting with extensive sale.

WOOL.—Mr. H. B. Daily, of the town of Rock, has received sixteen dollars and fifty cents for the fleece of one sheep. This is the largest sum of money received by any farmer in the county or State for the wool of a single sheep that has come to our knowledge, and demonstrates the profitability of wool-growing.

In these times of high prices, it is well to remember that children can be supplied with shoes for less than half the annual cost, by wearing Metal-Tipped Shoes, to say nothing of stockings destroyed and health endangered by wet feet, arising from the childlike habit of wearing out their shoes at the toes first.—Boston Journal.

THE EYE AND EAR.—From particulars in this issue, it will be seen that Dr. Hougham, quite celebrated as a skillful and successful operator on diseased eyes and ears, has located himself permanently in an office in the U. S. block in this city, where he is prepared to attend to cases of diseased eyes and ears. The Doctor was connected with a New York Eye Infirmary for years, and from highly commanding notices we learn that he has successfully practiced in several towns throughout the State, with benefit to patients and credit to his professional skill.—Madison Journal.

DEATH OF LIEUT. JAMES HENDERSON.—Intelligence has just been received by Mr. Wm. Henderson father of Lieut. James Henderson of the 4th Tennessee Cavalry and formerly of this city, that his son was killed near Newman on the 30th of July in the raid under Stoneman. He enlisted in the early history of the war in the 7th Illinois cavalry, in which regiment he had been afterward transferred to the 4th Tennessee cavalry, in which regiment he distinguished himself. His son entertained the warmest affection for him, which was inspired by his gallant and soldierly bearing. His body was left in the hands of the enemy.

Mr. H. had another son in the army before Petersboro, but has not heard from him in a number of weeks, in fact, not since the heavy fighting which cost us dearly in heroic lives.

POSTMASTER GENERAL BLAIR.—In a letter to Hon. A. Wakeman announces as a false hood in every particular the statement that a regular espionage has been kept on letters of Democrats passing through the Postoffice. "Roarbacks" of this kind will multiply until the day of the election, and may not always meet with so prompt a denial.

TOBACCO CULTURE.—The banks of the Connecticut river, up to and beyond Windsor, Vermont, is not literally covered with tobacco, but is much occupied by that crop which it has supplanted crops of more utility. Every farmer in the region grows more or less tobacco.

Why is a sword like beer?—because its no use till its drawn.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Chicago & Northwestern.

ARRIVAL.

DEPARTURE.

FOND DU LAC.

MIL. & Praire du Chien.

ARRIVAL.

DEPARTURE.

FOND DU LAC.

MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1861.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice-President,

ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

W. W. FIELD. — **H. L. BLOOD.**

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st Dist.—**GEO. C. NORTHRUP.**2nd Dist.—**JONATHAN BOWMAN.**3rd Dist.—**ALLEN WORDEN.**4th Dist.—**HENRY J. TURNER.**5th Dist.—**W. J. BELITZ.**6th Dist.—**A. S. McDILL.**

FOR SENATOR,

17th Dist.—**WM. A. LAWRENCE,**
OF Janesville.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,

1st Dist.—**DAN'L JOHNSON**, of Union,5th Dist.—**JOHN B. CALSDAY**.

Union Republican County Nomination.

For Sheriff—**THOMAS EAHLE.**" Register of Deeds—**C. G. KEELER.**County Treasurer—**SAMUEL HOLDREGE, JR.**Clerk of the Board of Supervisors—**S. L. JAMES.**Clark of the Circuit Court—**LEVI ALDEN.**District Attorney—**JOHN R. BENNETT.**County Surveyor—**S. D. LOCKE.**Coroner—**C. BURNHAM.**

The Madison Journal on the Renomination of Mr. Sloan.

The Madison Journal of Friday last, contains an article upon the renomination of Mr. Sloan in which the action of the Rock county delegates and their friends, is so sharply and so unjustly criticised that we feel constrained to say a few words in reply.

We know our Madison friends chafed considerably under the harness at the Watertown convention, and not only kicked both legs over the traces but smashed in the dashboard; but as they were held to the work with a steady hand and compelled to do that which the people of the district desired them to do, we thought we could well afford to let the outside world remain in ignorance of their testiness and discomfiture. But as they have made their troubles public and bluffed through more than a column in the *Journal*, we cannot be charged with opening the discussion.The *Journal* tells the truth as far as it goes, but unfortunately it does not tell all the truth. It says:

The Convention was composed of forty-four delegates, one assembly district of Columbia county being unrepresented. There was a double delegation from the Watertown assembly district, each claiming to be the only rightful one. By a curious compromise the Convention declined to determine which was the rightful delegation, and a limited one member of each.

It was then found that the delegates from Rock and those present from Columbia were unanimously in favor of the renomination of Mr. Sloan, and that two of the Jefferson delegates were with them, while Dane county was unanimous for Hon. B. F. Hopkins from this city, the remaining eight delegates from Jefferson being either for Mr. Hopkins, or Col. Gill of Watertown.

Thus the Convention stood 22 for Sloan, and 22 opposed to him."

The *Journal* fails to explain that the committee on credentials, appointed by the senior Editor of the *Journal*, a majority of whom were opposed to Mr. Sloan, reported in favor of admitting all four of the delegates from the contested district, *three of whom were known to be in favor of Mr. Hopkins!* Thus they hoped to accomplish by strategy what they could not do by fair means, and this was the first blow aimed at Mr. Sloan, *below the belt*. But it was successfully parried by the convention rejecting the majority report, and the "outrageous compromise" spoken of by the *Journal*, effected by admitting one from each delegation one of whom was known to be opposed to Mr. Sloan and one considered doubtful, but proved to be opposed to him.

This was not what the Hopkins men wanted, but it was fair, nevertheless. This matter of contested seats being settled to the satisfaction of the convention, Hon. G. W. Hazleton of Columbia, one of the most honorable and fair minded men in the State, moved that the delegates present from his county be authorized to cast the votes for the unrepresented district. Mr. Hazleton stated to the convention that the votes would be cast in accordance with the wishes of the Union men of that district, and just as they would be cast if the absent delegates were present. At this point the trouble commenced, as the opposition to Mr. Sloan knew very well that the delegates present, as well as those absent, were for Mr. Sloan first, last and all the time, and if the delegates present cast the votes of the absentees it would be in accordance with the wishes of the delegates and of the district, and Mr. Hopkins would be beaten. The Dane county delegates vehemently opposed this proposition, but the Convention, after patiently listening to all they had to say upon the subject, resolved that the Columbia delegates should cast the votes of the absentees. Here the filibustering commenced, and twenty-one delegates left the convention in extreme disgust, the chairman, General Atwood so far forgetting what was due the convention that had honored him, and what was due the dignity of his position, as to vacate the chair without even calling some one to preside temporarily in his absence. It is said that the language used by the bolters was quite similar to that used by the army in Flushing, many of them declaring with blasphemous emphasis that they would not return to the convention. Through the efforts of General Fairchild, and one or two others, they were finally prevailed upon to go back and conclude their labors. They entered the following protest which they were ashamed to have appear in the official proceedings:

"The undersigned desire to enter their most solemn protest against the action of this convention, in allowing six delegates present in the convention from Columbia county, to cast the entire vote of that con-

The Water Witch at Fond du Lac.
[From Water Witch newspaper.]

county—one Assembly District in that town being wholly unrepresented in said convention. Each Assembly District being a distinct territory in itself, we protest against the right of a convention to authorize any person or persons not residents of a district to represent it in convention. Such a precedent is wrong in principle, dangerous in practice, and subversive of the best interests of any party people."

After entering this shallow protest they felt better, and the business was allowed to go on, when Mr. Sloan was nominated on the first ballot.

In this protest the *Journal* joins and feels it to be its duty to lay the facts before the public, but plausibly hopes such "unwarrantable" and unwitnessed proceedings may never be heard of again among Republicans, (especially when Dane county has so much at stake.) We deny that it was an unwitnessed proceeding. It is true every year, and if our memory is not at fault, at the last Republican State Convention, a gentleman was allowed to cast a vote for a district in which he did not reside, and none of our Madison friends felt outraged or protested against it. Neither were they especially grieved last fall in the unprecedented manner in which Governor Solomon was chosen out of the nomination by the unheard of tactics of somebody! It may be wrong in principle, but that it has practice and precedent in its favor, is not to be denied. The *Journal* asserts that the two votes from Columbia county were manufactured by politicians and were bogus, not being the votes of the Union men of that district. We might reply by saying that if all the *Journal* says is true, it was simply beating the Hopkins men at their own game when they tried to manufacture votes for their candidate out of the bogus Watertown delegates. But we have a better answer than that which is, that the two absent delegates telegraphed to their friends that they wished to have their votes cast for Mr. Sloan. This, however, was after Mr. Sloan was nominated, but before the delegates left Watertown. So we take issue with the *Journal* and assert that the two votes were cast precisely as the Union men of that district desired, and that if they had been ruled out, that would have been the trick of politicians.

There is another important fact in this extraordinary contest which is blinded by the *Journal* and its backers, but which will not be lost sight of by the Union men of this Congressional district. We allude to the "unwarrantable" proceedings of trying to supplant a faithful, efficient, and experienced member of Congress by a new and untried man, after serving but one term, and especially when the official conduct of the present incumbent is without spot or blemish. Mr. Poster, Mr. Billingsurst, Mr. Washburn, Mr. McIndoe, and Mr. Hanchett were none of them denied the compliment of a renomination, and three of them were honored with a third term. Why does the *Journal* and those who act with it, sanction this unprecedented attack upon Mr. Sloan? They all admit his ability, integrity and personal worth, and heartily endorse and approve of all his official acts. They all concede his eminent fitness, and that his constituency are fully satisfied with his course in the halls of Congress. Why then this unwarrantable attempt at "swapping horses while crossing a stream," when it is morally certain that the people will get badly cheated in the trade? What excuse is there for attempting to oust him after one term of service? None whatever, and in the language of the *Journal*, "be it understood that we give no tacit approval to this unwarrantable proceeding, but hope that such tactics, hitherto unwitnessed, may never again be resorted to among Union men."

We have no fault to find with the unusual part taken in this little Capital scramble by some of the State officers, from the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Secretary of State, down to the Governor's Private Secretary. Whether they should mix in or not was a matter for themselves to decide, although their chances for making friends by so doing might be an open question. Some of them, be it remembered, did see fit to take a hand in the contest, and they are now quite welcome to contemplate the net results of their efforts at their leisure.

The *Journal* says "this is no time for bickerings and dissensions among Union men." So we say, and desire to ask, in the name of harmony, why it seeks to foment jealousies by the publication of such an extraordinary and fault-finding article?

Now that it and its friends are fairly beaten, why do they not shed their tears in secret and choke down their sobs in silence? We know that it goes awfully against the grain to see all the pipe-laying and wire-pulling of two long years, suddenly knocked into pit, and one's high expectations turned to ashes on the lip, like the fabled apples of the Dead Sea, but it is only another evidence of the treacherous nature of all sublunary things. We commiserate you, O disolute Madison Rogeney, and our heart swells with pity as we contemplate your wicked estate. To vary the language of the Psalms a little, if our head was a river of water, we would weep, and as a contribution box over your swooned out condition. You generally play your cards with great skill and adroitness, but you must remember that it is the fortune of war to suffer defeat sometimes, and that the Lord is presumed to be on the side of the heaviest battalions.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, AND DEBILITY, DR. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend these suffering with Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally at \$1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6th & Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

E. F. Colwell Wholesale agent for Wisconsin, Aug 23dav.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS—A superior article, for sale at the PROFESSOR DRUG STORE, Janesville, Wis.

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NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice-President,
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.
W. W. FIELD. **H. L. BLOOD.**

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
1st Geo. C. NORTHRUP.
2nd JONATHAN BOWMAN.
3rd ALLEN WORDEN.
4th HENRY J. TURNER.
5th W. J. BELITZ.
6th A. S. McDILL.

FOR SENATOR,
17th Dist.—**W. M. A. LAWRENCE,**
OF Janesville.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
1st Dist.—**DAN'L JOHNSON,** of Union,
2nd Dist.—**JOHN B. CASSODAY,**

Union Republican County Nomination.

Mr. Secretary—THOMAS EARL.
Register of Deeds—C. O. REEDER.
County Treasurer—SAMUEL HODGEMAN, Jr.
 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors—S. L. JAMES.
 Clerk of the Circuit Court—LEVI ALDEN.
District Attorney—JOHN R. BENNETT.
County Surveyor—D. D. LOCKE.
Coroner—S. C. BURSHAM.

The Madison Journal on the Renomination of Mr. Sloan.

The Madison Journal of Friday last, contains an article upon the renomination of Mr. Sloan in which the action of the Rock county delegates and their friends, is so sharply and so unjustly criticised that we feel constrained to say a few words in reply. We knew our Madison friends chafed considerably under the harness at the Watertown convention, and not only kicked both legs over the traces but smashed in the dashboard; but as they were held to the work with a steady hand and compelled to do that which the people of the district desired them to do, we thought we could well afford to let the outside world remain in ignorance of their testiness and discomfiture. But as they have made their troubles public and blundered through more than a column in the Journal, we cannot be charged with opening the discussion.

The Journal tells the truth as far as it goes, but unfortunately it does not tell all the truth. It says:

"The Convention was composed of forty-four delegates, one assembly district of Columbia county being unrepresented. There was a double delegation from the Watertown assembly district, each claiming to be the only rightful one. By a curious compromise the Convention declined to determine which was the rightful delegation, and a limited one member of each. It was then found that the delegates from Rock and those present from Columbia were unanimous in favor of the renomination of Mr. Sloan, and that two of the Jefferson delegates were with them, while Dane county was unanimous for Hon. B. F. Hopkins from this city, the remaining eight delegates from Jefferson being either for Mr. Hopkins, or Col. Gill of Watertown. Thus the Convention stood 22 for Sloan and 22 opposed to him."

The Journal fails to explain that the committee on credentials, appointed by the senior Editor of the Journal, a majority of whom were opposed to Mr. Sloan, reported in favor of admitting all four of the delegations from the contested district, three of whom were known to be in favor of Mr. Hopkins! Thus they hoped to accomplish by strategy what they could not do by fair means, and this was the first blow aimed at Mr. Sloan, below the belt. But it was successfully parried by the convention rejecting the majority report, and the "circular compromise" spoken of by the Journal, effected by admitting one from each delegation, one of whom was known to be opposed to Mr. Sloan and one considered doubtful, but proved to be opposed to him. This was not what the Hopkins men wanted, but it was fair, nevertheless. This matter of contested seats being settled to the satisfaction of the convention, Hon. G. W. Hazleton of Columbia, one of the most honorable and fair minded men in the State, moved that the delegates present from his county be authorized to cast the votes for the unrepresented district. Mr. Hazleton stated to the convention that the votes would be cast in accordance with the wishes of the Union men of that district, and just as they would be cast if the absent delegates were present. At this point the trouble commenced, as the opposition to Mr. Sloan knew very well that the delegates present, as well as those absent, were for Mr. Sloan first, last and all the time, and if the delegates present cast the votes of the absentees it would be in accordance with the wishes of the delegates and of the district, and Mr. Hopkins would be beaten. The Dane county delegates vehemently opposed this proposition, but the convention, after patiently listening to all they had to say upon the subject, resolved that the Columbia delegates should cast the votes of the absentees. Here the filibustering commenced, and twenty-one delegates left the convention in extreme disgust, the chairman, General Atwood so far forgetting what he had said that he was ashamed to have appear in the official proceedings.

"This undesignated desire to enter their most solemn protest against the action of this convention, in allowing six delegates present in the convention from Columbia county, to cast the entire vote of that

county—one Assembly District in that county being wholly unrepresented in said convention. Each Assembly District being a distinct territory in itself, we protest against the right of a convention to authorize any person or persons not residents of a district to represent it in convention. Such precedent is wrong in principle, dangerous in practice, and subversive of the best interests of any party or people."

After entering this shallow protest they felt better, and the business was allowed to go on, when Mr. Sloan was nominated on the first ballot.

In this protest the Journal joins and feels it to be its duty to lay the facts before the public, but pliably hopes such "unwarrantable" and unwitnessed proceedings may never be heard of again among Republicans, (especially when Dane county has so much at stake.) We deny that it was an unwitnessed proceeding. It is done every year, and if our memory is not at fault, at the last Republican State Convention, a gentleman was allowed to cast a vote for a district in which he did not reside, and none of our Madison friends felt outraged or protested against it. Neither were they especially grieved last fall at the unprecedented manner in which Governor Solomon was chiseled out of the nomination by the unheard of tactics of somebody! It may be wrong in principle, but that it has practice and precedent in its favor, is not to be denied. The Journal asserts that the two votes from Columbia county were manufactured by politicians and were bogus, not being the votes of the Union men of that district. We might reply by saying that if all the Journal says be true, it was simply beating the Hopkins men at their own game when they tried to manufacture votes for their candidate out of the bogus Watertown delegates. But we have a better answer than that which is, that the two absent delegates telegraphed to their friends that they wished to have their votes cast for Mr. Sloan. This, however, was after Mr. Sloan was nominated, but before the delegates left Watertown. So we take issue with the Journal and assert that the two votes were cast precisely as the Union men of that district desired, and that if they had been ruled out, that would have been the trick of politicians.

PLAYING FOR PRIZES.

No first class Engine being present, the first playing was for a splendid banner, the prize for second class Engines on quantity. The quantity thrown by the different Companies playing was as follows:

Germanna No. 2 of Oshkosh, 324 inches.

Germanna No. 1 of Green Bay, 284.

Winnebago No. 3 Fond du Lac, 212.

Madison No. 2 of Madison, 323.

Water Witch No. 2 of Janesville, 354.

Fountain City No. 2 of Fond du Lac, 283.

The prize, the United States flag, bearing in the corner the State arms, and appropriately inscribed, was awarded to Water Witch No. 2 of Janesville.

The boys were wild with enthusiasm over their victory, cheering vigorously for several minutes, while the band played "Rally Round the Flag, Boys!" in full spirit with the occasion.

RUNNING OF HOOK & LADDER CO'S.

Race No. 1 of Janesville took the track first. The truck was fully equipped, containing the three longest ladders. The men stripped to shirt and pants and went for it. They ran the half mile and raised the top ladder in three minutes and fourteen seconds. Fountain City Hook & Ladder Company equipped the same, also stripped, made the half mile and raised the ladder in three minutes, winning by fourteen seconds, and the prize a silk banner the same style and make as the one played for by the engines, was accordingly awarded to Fond du Lac Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1. This contest was a very exciting one, much interest being manifested by the spectators. It was a fine sight. Our Janesville boys did nobly, but the disparity of weight between the two trucks was too much for them to overcome. We understand the Janesville truck weighs fully 1,400 pounds more than the one at Fond du Lac.

We have no fault to find with the unusual part taken in this little Capital scramble by some of the State officers, from the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Secretary of State, down to the Governor's Private Secretary. Whether they should mix in or not was a matter for themselves to decide, although their chances for making friends by so doing might be an open question. Some of them, he is remembered, did see fit to take a hand in the contest, and they are now quite welcome to contemplate the net results of their efforts at their leisure.

The Journal says "this is no time for bickerings and dissensions among Union men." So say we, and desire to ask, in the name of harmony, why it seeks to foment jealousies by the publication of such an extraordinary and fault-finding article? Now that it and its friends are fairly beaten, why do they not shed their tears in secret and choke down their sobs in silence? We know that it goes awfully against the grain to see all the pipe-laying and wire-pulling of two long years, suddenly knocked into pieces, and one's high expectations turned to ashes on the lip, like the fabled apples of the Dead Sea, but it is only another evidence of the transitory nature of all sublunar things. We commiserate you, O disconsolate Madison Regency, and our heart swells with pity as we contemplate your wicked estate. To vary the language of the Psalmist a little, if our head was a river of water, we would weep, but dry a contribution box over your swooped out condition. You generally play your cards with great skill and adroitness, but you must remember that it is the fortune of war to suffer defeat sometimes, and that the Lord is presumed to be on the side of the heaviest battalions.

THE RUNNING OF THE HOSE.

At nine o'clock the procession formed and proceeded to the grounds. The first thing in order was:

PLATING ON DISTANCE.

for a prize of \$50 in "Greenbacks." The day was very windy and the streams were thrown with the wind, and the distances very much increased on this account. The trials were as follows:

Winnebago No. 3 F. Du L. 204 ft. 8 in. Germanna No. 2 Oshkosh, 265 ft. 10 1/2 in. Fountain City No. 2 F. Du L. 255 ft. 10 1/2 in. Excelsior No. 1 Menasha, 210 ft. 2 1/2 in.

There being a tie the judge ordered Germanna No. 2 and Fountain City No. 2 to play again. Fountain City reported to the judge as ready to play; Germanna No. 2 picked up their machine and marched off the grounds, refusing to come to time. The prize was accordingly awarded to Fountain City No. 2 of Fond du Lac.

The Steam fire Engine Washington of Fond du Lac next took the stand and exhibited its power to the great satisfaction of the Firemen present.

Mr. Keyes moved that the Convention take a recess of six minutes. Rejected.

Mr. Keyes moved that the Convention take a recess of six minutes. Rejected.

On motion, the Convention resolved to proceed to an informal ballot for a candidate for Member of Congress. Messrs. Burgess, of Rock, and Tenney, of Dane were adopted tellers.

At this stage of the proceedings, the minority, numbering twenty-one, retired for consultation, and after a brief absence returned, and presented a short protest against the action of the Convention in permitting the six delegates present from Columbia County to cast the votes of the unrepresented district, as being wrong in principle, and a dangerous precedent, which being read, the Convention proceeded to the regular order of business.

The result of the informal ballot was as follows:

I. C. Sloan 24 votes.

Blank 22 votes.

Total 46.

The Convention then proceeded to a formal ballot for a candidate for Congress, with the following result:

I. C. Sloan 24 votes.

Blank 22 votes.

Total 46.

Hon. Ithamar C. Sloan, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention as a candidate for Congress.

On motion of Gen. Fairchild of Dane, the nomination of Mr. Sloan was made unanimous.

On motion of Mr. Keyes, the Chair was authorized to appoint a Congressional District Committee composed of five persons.

On motion of Mr. Conger, the chair was authorized to appoint a committee of five on resolutions, and Messrs. Conger, of Rock, Tenney, of Dane, Hazleton, of Columbus, Green, of Jefferson, and Bus-

The Water Witch at Fond du Lac.
From Water Witch newspaper.

The company left the city on Tuesday evening, August 24th, for the city of Fond du Lac, to attend the State Firemen's Tournament, and compete for the prizes offered by the State Association. After a rather tedious ride, the company arrived at Fond du Lac at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning. An escort was at the depot, to receive us, composed of Fountain City Engine Co. No. 2, of Fond du Lac. The boys could not be induced to go to bed in the pons provided for them by the landlord, but preferred to saunter around town until breakfast was ready, which they took at the Walschendorf House.

THE PROCESSION.

was formed at 9:30 a.m., on the common in front of St. Patrick's Church, and accompanied by the Bower City Band of Janesville, the North Western Band, and Washington Vol. Co.'s Band, marched through the principal streets to the grounds. The Companies on the ground were

Madison Engine Co. No. 2, Madison.

Water Witch " 2, Janesville.

Germany " 2, Oshkosh.

Excelsior " 1, Menasha.

Germany " 1, Green Bay.

Washington Vol. " 1, Fond du Lac.

Fountain City " 2, ".

Winnebago " 3, ".

Rescue Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, Janesville.

Fountain City Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, Fond du Lac.

The procession was quite a lengthy one, and made a very creditable appearance. The roads were somewhat muddy, and the companies were marched across unevenly long distance in getting to the grounds. The persons who had it in charge should have taken into consideration the fatigued condition of the men who had ridden the entire night previous, and made the route much shorter.

Congressional Convention.

Pursuant to the call of the Committee for the 2d District of Wisconsin, a Congressional Convention was held in the city of Watertown, Jefferson county, Wisconsin, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1864. The Convention was called to order by Hon. B. F. Hopkins, Chairman of said Committee. On motion, Hon. David Atwood, of Dane, was chosen President, and H. Barber, Jr., Secretary.

On motion, the chair appointed a committee of five on credentials, consisting of Messrs. Fargo of Jefferson, Todd of Rock, and Montgomery of Jefferson. On motion the Convention adjourned until 2 P. M.

2 P. M.—Convention was called to order.

On motion, W. Merrill, of Rock, was appointed Assistant Secretary.

The report of the Committee on Credentials were read as follows:

The Committee on Credentials instructed me to report the following names of delegates entitled to seats and votes in this convention:

Dane County—G. T. Whitney, Louis Lord, Lucine Fairchild, D. K. Tenney, Frank H. Firmin, Andrew Henry, N. Williams, B. F. Adams, David Atwood, E. W. Keyes, Charles E. Weeks, W. W. Blackman, I. N. DeForest, Col. B. Hazlett.

Columbia County—W. W. Drake, S. E. Dana, Carl Schneider, two votes, G. W. Hazelton, J. Q. Adams.

Rock County—A. W. Pope, by J. M. Burgess substitute, O. W. Gilman, A. M. Carter, Edward Innis, H. S. Conger, S. J. Tudd, B. Burdick, Cyrus Bliss, Daniel Mow, Orin Guernsey, John R. Bennett, Willard Merrill, E. P. King, D. W. C. Castle.

Jefferson County—F. G. L. Struve, E. Montgomery, Hiram Barber, Robert Furg, M. H. Gaugot, A. T. Colburn, N. S. Green, G. W. Bishop.

Two sets of delegates having presented their credentials from the 1st Assembly district, Jefferson county, the majority of the committee recommended that they all be admitted to seats in the Convention. The names of these delegates are:

Robert Tompkins, Luther A. Cole, J. T. Moak, Daniel Jones.

A minority of the Committee recommended that these delegates be admitted to seats in this Convention, with power to cast two votes.

ROBERT FARGO.

Ch'ln Com.

The report of the Committee was adopted, except as to the delegates from the 1st Assembly District of Jefferson county.

The report of the majority of the committee in the matter of the contested seats from Jefferson county, was rejected.

The question being on the adoption of the report of the minority, it was announced so as to admit L. A. Cole and Daniel Jones, as delegates from the said First District of Jefferson county, and adopted as amended.

One Assembly District in Columbia county being unrepresented in the Convention, Mr. Hazleton moved that the six delegates present from that county be allowed to cast the full vote to which the said county is entitled. After considerable discussion, the motion of Mr. Hazleton was adopted.

Mr. Keyes moved that the Convention take a recess for three minutes. Rejected.

Mr. Keyes moved that the Convention take a recess of six minutes. Rejected.

On motion, the Convention resolved to proceed to an informal ballot for a candidate for Member of Congress. Messrs. Burgess, of Rock, and Tenney, of Dane were adopted tellers.

At this stage of the proceedings, the minority, numbering twenty-one, retired for consultation, and after a brief absence returned, and presented a short protest against the action of the Convention in permitting the six delegates present from Columbia County to cast the votes of the unrepresented district, as being wrong in principle, and a dangerous precedent, which being read, the Convention proceeded to the regular order of business.

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On motion of Mr. Keyes, the Chair was authorized to appoint a Congressional District Committee composed of five persons.

MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1861.

Special Notices.

REMOVAL.

Dr. M. E. JOHNSON has removed to Jackman & Smith's New Building, over the Rock County Bank, where he will call upon his friends and customers in his department of duty.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY, arising from specific causes, in both sexes—new and reliable treatment, in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—written sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. BILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 34848.

HOW TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLEES.

Use Dutcher's Celebrated LIGHTNING FLY KILLER, a neat, clean article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill a quart. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

C. Dutcher.

GOLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

A REMEDY FOR THE PILES.

It is a blessing to the suffering to know that we have an effectual cure for this truly troublesome disease. Mr. J. P. Hazzard, of 101 Second street, Cincinnati, O., has great pleasure in informing all who are suffering with piles that he used a small quantity of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy, and it effected a permanent cure. This seems to be the case with all who make use of this splendid preparation. It is manufactured at No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O., and sold by all Druggists.

W. M. BOOTH general agent for Wisconsin.
E. F. COLEWELL wholesale agent for Wisconsin.
SSong16mawfowly

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.

Diseases of the Throat, Chest, and Pulmonary Organs are ever prevalent, and highly dangerous. The practice of a medicine to alleviate, cure, and most thoroughly combat, must be expectorant, analgesic and antiseptic, loosening the mucus of the throat, and impinging tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, Inflammation, Whooping Cough, Diphtheria, or Purulent Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Portee certifies—"that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and my family, for severe pulmonary complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal." Rev. J. J. Portee, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that it never fails.

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balm of Gilead, Peruvian Balsam, Elecampane, Camfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Group, Full descriptive recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all the principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. D. W. Wrenshall, and sold by D. F. Davis & Co., New York. Aug23dawfaw

DIARRHEA AND DYSENTERY.

We have examined a great number of letters from some of the most prominent citizens of Cincinnati and Covington, etc., speaking in the highest terms of Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture for the cure of diarrhea and dysentery. The letters are too long to publish. Mr. Woods, of Covington, says he was pronounced incurable by the best doctors in Cincinnati, and one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture effected a permanent cure after suffering for months with the worst form of diarrhea and dysentery.

Another says he was discharged from the United States service after suffering in the hospital for eight months, as incurable, and as a last resource tried Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. He got well directly an has now entered the army again in good health. One man writes he has cured seven or eight very bad cases of diarrhea and dysentery in the backs he has won with one bottle of this valuable medicine.

In fact we can tell him for a fact with full confidence in him, that he has cured with one bottle of this medicine every case he has met with, and that no other doctor has ever done so much.

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Rice, Gaul & Rice's Column.

DRY GOODS RETAILING.

LESS THAN

NEW YORK JOBING PRICES!

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

to buy goods cheap.

RICE, GAUL & RICE

CLOSING BUSINESS.

Intending to close our business in this city by

The First Day of September Next,

Spring & Summer Trade

ADHERE TO OLD PRICES,

DRESS GOODS!

STYLE OR PRICE.

OUR

Summer Cloaks and Shawls

AT A LARGE REDUCTION.

BLACK SILK CIRCULARS

AND SACQUES.

ENORMOUS REDUCTION.

WE WILL SELL

TO THOSE INDEBTED TO US

GREAT BARCAINS

TO THOSE WISHING TO PURCHASE

TAKEN UP.

WANTED.—A Farm containing

W. 50 or acres, with fair improvements with

in two miles of Janesville, by one living there

to do justice to the land, and for a good price, pay charges and take away as

those attacks may be obtained at a bargain. Inquire at this office.

THOMAS P. DUNHAM.

855 Madison.

McKEY & BRO.

FOR SALE.—Two Second Hand

SETRA HOLLOW, one of small portable

four or six feet, and a small portable

one of four or five feet, and a small portable

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Janesville Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1860.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

REMOVAL.

Dr. S. B. JOHNSON, has removed to Janesville & built a new building over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in every department of duty.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY, arising from specific causes, in both sexes—and reliable treatment, in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—entitled seal'd letter certificates free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Subsequently

HOW TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLIES.

Use Butcher's Celebrated LIGHTNING FLY KILLER, a neat, cheap article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill a quart. **SOLD EVERYWHERE.**

SSold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrance scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Janesville.

Birr, Gaul & Birr's Column.

DRY GOODS RETAILING

LESS THAN

NEW YORK JOBING PRICES!

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

to buy goods cheap.

RICE, GAUL & RICE

CLOSING BUSINESS.

Intending to close our business in this city by

The First Day of September Next,

we have concluded to offer our stock, and more particularly the goods adapted to the

Spring & Summer Trade

at much less than New York market prices. Goods of every description have and continue to advance enormously in price, but notwithstanding that fact we intend to

ADHERE TO OLD PRICES.

and offer such reductions as cannot fail to benefit those who will favor us with a call. Our stock is out the next in the city, and comprises every of the rich set goods ever brought to this market.

DARBLUMA AND DYSENTERY.

We have examined a great number of letters from some of the most prominent citizens of Cincinnati and Covington, etc., speaking in the highest terms of Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture, for the cure of diarrhoea and dysentery. The letters are too long to publish. Mr. Woods of Covington, says he has introduced it into the best doctors in Cincinnati, and one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture effected a permanent cure after suffering for months with the worst form of diarrhoea and dysentery.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies—that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe pulmonary complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal. Rev. J. J. Peritz, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonies could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that it never fails.

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balsm of Gilead, Persian Balsam, Eucalyptus, Camphor, Birchbark, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Group. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all the principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. D. WYNKOOP, Aug. 22, 1860.

DRESS GOODS!

We have an endless variety, unsurpassed for

STYLE OR PRICE.

OUB

Summer Cloaks and Shawls

we will sell

AT A LARGE REDUCTION.

in price, in order to close them out, if possible, during the time we have resolved to remain here. We have a splendid assortment of

BLACK SILK CIRCULARS

AND SACQUES.

which we have marked down at an

ENORMOUS REDUCTION.

TAKEN UP.—About the 15th of July, by the subscriber, our large red-satin Cow, about eight years old. The cow was kept to prove property, pay charges and other way as possible. THOMAS P. DUNHAM.

Subdudow.

TO SUBSCRIBERS TO THE BOUNDARY.—All persons who have subscrbed to the Boundary, are requested to return the under-

signed at the First National Bank, Janesville, Wis.

and recd. the same. JNO. MITCHELL.

Chairman Mil. Committee.

GREAT BARGAINS

to those wishing to purchase.

TO THOSE INDEBTED TO US

we respectfully request to call and make immediate payment.

Any claim against us will be promptly paid or pro-

tection.

WANTED.—A Farm containing

W. or 100 acres, with fair improvements, with

in two miles of Janesville, a river and a brook.

Also to do part of cost of house or farm by ap-

peal to a U. S. or State Tax Lawyer. Linn Dodge

Madison, Wisconsin.

Aug. 24, 1860.

PEPPER SIMONS.

AN INKSTANL.

Another large invoice of these received at

BUHLAND.

HAT CAP AND FUR STORE.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

COMMERCIAL.

REPORTED FOR THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE, BY BURK & GRAY,
DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTICAL DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, August 29, 1864.

Receipts of wheat was quite liberal today, there being about 2,000 bushels on the market, and prices ruled steady at \$2.00 per bushel for choice milling samples, and \$1.85-\$1.95 for shipping grades, closing firm. Receipts of coarse grain were also fair and market quiet at previous quota lots.

We make up price as follows:

WHEAT—White winter at \$2.00 per bushel; choice milling spring at \$1.95-\$2.05; shipping grades at \$1.85-\$2.00.

RYE—In good request at \$1.20-\$1.25 per 60 lbs.

DARLEY—Prime samples \$1.90-\$2.00, per 60 lbs;

comes to fair quality at \$1.50-\$1.60.

CORN—Sh. bush, per 60 lbs. \$1.15-\$1.22; ear do. \$0.90-\$1.00 per 72 lbs.

OATS—Local and shipping demand at \$1.00-\$1.20.

POTATOES—Fair to choice \$0.40.

TIMOTHY SEED—per 40 lbs. \$3.50-\$4.50.

PLAN SEED—per 40 lbs. \$1.75-\$2.25.

BEANS—Fair to prime at \$1.00-\$2.00.

BUTTER—Marrow at \$3.00-\$3.50; for choice roll.

Eggs—Good supply at 12¢ per dozen.

HIDES—Green &c., dry 14¢ per lb.

SHEEP SKINS—Range from \$1.00-\$2.00 each.

Wool—Angora at \$0.50-\$1.00, 13 oz for unashed.

Flour—Spring, at retail, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.

NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, August 23.

Flour—Dull and heavy, \$2.00-\$2.25 lower, at \$10.50-\$10.80 for extra state; \$10.50-\$11.00 R. H. O.

Wheat—Dull and nominal, \$3.00 lower; amber Milwaukee at \$2.50.

Oats—Dull lower, at \$1.00-\$1.20.

Flour—Dull and lower, \$3.50-\$3.80 for meal; \$3.75-\$3.90 for new.

Stocks—Setter. U. S. & '61 registered \$1.10; coupon \$1.02.

Gold—Since board at \$14.20.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.

(By Telegraph.) Milwaukee, August 29, 1864.

Flour—Quiet and nominally 10¢ lower. No sales. Holders refuse to yield and buyers stand off.

Wheat—Irregular and 25¢ lower. No spring in store at \$2.00.

Oats—Weak, dull and nominal, buyers offering 25¢ or more. No sales.

Corn—10¢ lower.

Rye—Weak and dull—quiet, nothing done.

Gold—\$2.10.

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